



# KRT86 Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-06650
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	KRT86 KRTHB6
<b>Protein Name</b>	Keratin, type II cuticular Hb6 (Hair keratin K2.11) (Keratin-86) (K86) (Type II hair keratin Hb6) (Type-II keratin Kb26)
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein AA range: 416-466
<b>Specificity</b>	KRT86 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	53kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	extracellular space,intermediate filament,keratin filament,extracellular exosome,
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Synthesis begins slightly higher in the hair shaft than HB1 and HB3 and continues much farther up, ending in the keratogeneous zone.
<b>Function</b>	caution:Maps to a duplicated region on chromosome 12.,disease:Defects in KRT86 are a cause of Monilethrix [MIM:158000]. Monilethrix is an autosomal dominant hair disorder characterized clinically by alopecia and follicular papules. Affected hairs have uniform elliptical nodes of normal thickness and intermittent constrictions, internodes at which the hair easily breaks. Usually only the scalp is involved, but in severe forms, the secondary sexual hair, eyebrows, eyelashes, and nails may also be affected.,miscellaneous:There are two types of hair/microfibrillar keratin, I (acidic) and II (neutral to basic),similarity:Belongs to the intermediate filament family.,subunit:Heterotetramer of two type I and two type II keratins.,tissue specificity:Synthesis begins slightly higher in the hair shaft than HB1 and HB3 and continues much farther up, ending in the keratogeneous zone.,
<b>Background</b>	This gene encodes a type II keratin protein, which heterodimerizes with type I keratins to form hair and nails. This gene is present in a cluster of related genes and pseudogenes on chromosome 12. Mutations in this gene have been



observed in patients with the hair disease monilethrix. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2016],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**

