



PTPRF Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-07065
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	PTPRF LAR
Protein Name	Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase F (EC 3.1.3.48) (Leukocyte common antigen related) (LAR)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	PTPRF Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	209kD
Cell Pathway	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.
Tissue Specificity	Brain,Human cervix,Plasma,Retinoblastoma,Tonsil,
Function	catalytic activity:Protein tyrosine phosphate + H(2)O = protein tyrosine + phosphate.,function:Possible cell adhesion receptor. It possesses an intrinsic protein tyrosine phosphatase activity (PTPase).,function:The first PTPase domain has enzymatic activity, while the second one seems to affect the substrate specificity of the first one.,similarity:Belongs to the protein-tyrosine phosphatase family. Receptor class 2A subfamily.,similarity:Contains 2 tyrosine-protein phosphatase domains.,similarity:Contains 3 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.,similarity:Contains 8 fibronectin type-III domains.,subunit:Interacts with GRIP1 (By similarity). Interacts with PPFIA1, PPFIA2 and PPFIA3.,
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP possesses an extracellular region, a single transmembrane region, and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus represents a receptor-type PTP. The extracellular region



contains three Ig-like domains, and nine non-Ig like domains similar to that of neural-cell adhesion molecule. This PTP was shown to function in the regulation of epithelial cell-cell contacts at adherents junctions, as well as in the control of beta-catenin signaling. An increased expression level of this protein was found in the insulin-responsive tissue of obese, insulin-resistant individuals, and may contribute to the pat

matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images