



# CAN1 Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-07699
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	CAPN1 CANPL1 PIG30
<b>Protein Name</b>	Calpain-1 catalytic subunit (EC 3.4.22.52) (Calcium-activated neutral proteinase 1) (CANP 1) (Calpain mu-type) (Calpain-1 large subunit) (Cell proliferation-inducing gene 30 protein) (Micromolar-calpa
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
<b>Specificity</b>	CAN1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	
<b>Observed Band</b>	78kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . Translocates to the plasma membrane upon Ca(2+) binding. In granular keratinocytes and in lower corneocytes, colocalizes with FLG and FLG2 (PubMed:21531719). .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Ubiquitous.
<b>Function</b>	catalytic activity:Broad endopeptidase specificity.,cofactor:Binds 3 calcium ions.,enzyme regulation:Activated by micromolar concentrations of calcium and inhibited by calpastatin.,function:Calcium-regulated non-lysosomal thiol-protease which catalyze limited proteolysis of substrates involved in cytoskeletal remodeling and signal transduction.,online information:Calpain,similarity:Belongs to the peptidase C2 family.,similarity:Contains 1 calpain catalytic domain.,similarity:Contains 4 EF-hand domains.,subcellular location:Translocates to the plasma membrane upon Ca(2+) binding.,subunit:Forms a heterodimer with a small (regulatory) subunit (CAPNS1).,tissue specificity:Ubiquitous.,
<b>Background</b>	The calpains, calcium-activated neutral proteases, are nonlysosomal, intracellular cysteine proteases. The mammalian calpains include ubiquitous, stomach-specific, and muscle-specific proteins. The ubiquitous enzymes consist of heterodimers with distinct large, catalytic subunits associated with a common



small, regulatory subunit. This gene encodes the large subunit of the ubiquitous enzyme, calpain 1. Several transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2010],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**

