







# ROM1 rabbit pAb

| Catalog No         | YP-Ab-08523  |
|--------------------|--|
| Isotype            | IgG  |
| Reactivity         | Human; Mouse;Rat;C. parvum   |
| Applications       | WB   |
| Gene Name          | ROM1 TSPAN23   |
| Protein Name       | ROM1   |
| Immunogen          | Synthesized peptide derived from human ROM1 AA range: 163-213  |
| Specificity        | This antibody detects endogenous levels of ROM1 at Human/Mouse/Rat   |
| Formulation        | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.  |
| Source             | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG   |
| Purification       | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.  |
| Dilution           | WB 1: 500-2000   |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml  |
| Purity             | ≥90%   |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year   |
| Synonyms           |  |
| Observed Band      |  |
| Cell Pathway       | Photoreceptor inner segment membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .<br>Photoreceptor outer segment membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .   |
| Tissue Specificity | Retina photoreceptors (at protein level) (PubMed:1610568, PubMed:8504299). In rim region of ROS disks (PubMed:1610568).  |
| Function           | disease:Defects in ROM1 may cause retinitis pigmentosa (RP) [MIM:268000]; when associated with defects in PRPH2.,function:May function as an adhesion molecule involved in stabilization and compaction of outer segment disks or in the maintenance of the curvature of the rim. It is essential for disk morphogenesis.,online information:Retina International's Scientific Newsletter,similarity:Belongs to the PRPH2/ROM1 family.,subunit:Homodimer; disulfide-linked. Probably forms a complex with a PRPH2 homodimer. Other proteins could associate with this complex in rods.,tissue specificity:Retina (photoreceptor). In rim region of ROS (rod outer segment) disks., |
| Background         | This gene is a member of a photoreceptor-specific gene family and encodes an integral membrane protein found in the photoreceptor disk rim of the eye. This protein can form homodimers or can heterodimerize with another photoreceptor, retinal degeneration slow (RDS). It is essential for disk morphogenesis, and may also function as an adhesion molecule involved in the stabilization and compaction of outer segment disks or in the maintenance of the curvature of the   |



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rim. Certain defects in this gene have been associated with the degenerative eye disease retinitis pigmentosa. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

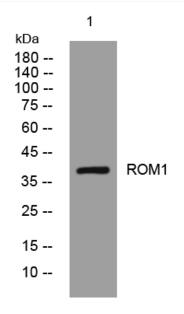
## matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

### **Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

### **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of lysates from CACO2 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night