



# CD1C Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-13979
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Applications</b>	WB;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	CD1C
<b>Protein Name</b>	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD1c
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the Internal region of human CD1C. AA range:211-260
<b>Specificity</b>	CD1C Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CD1C protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	CD1C; T-cell surface glycoprotein CD1c; CD1c
<b>Observed Band</b>	37kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Endosome membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Lysosome . Subject to intracellular trafficking between the cell membrane and endosomes. .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Expressed on cortical thymocytes, on certain T-cell leukemias, and in various other tissues.
<b>Function</b>	function:Antigen-presenting protein that binds self and non-self lipid and glycolipid antigens and presents them to T-cell receptors on natural killer T-cells.,miscellaneous:During protein synthesis and maturation, CD1 family members bind endogenous lipids that are replaced by lipid or glycolipid antigens when the proteins are internalized and pass through endosomes or lysosomes, before trafficking back to the cell surface.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,subcellular location:Subject to intracellular trafficking between the cell membrane and endosomes.,subunit:Heterodimer with B2M (beta-2-microglobulin),.tissue specificity:Expressed on cortical thymocytes, on certain T-cell leukemias, and in various other tissues.,
<b>Background</b>	This gene encodes a member of the CD1 family of transmembrane glycoproteins, which are structurally related to the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) proteins and form heterodimers with beta-2-microglobulin. The



CD1 proteins mediate the presentation of primarily lipid and glycolipid antigens of self or microbial origin to T cells. The human genome contains five CD1 family genes organized in a cluster on chromosome 1. The CD1 family members are thought to differ in their cellular localization and specificity for particular lipid ligands. The protein encoded by this gene is broadly distributed throughout the endocytic system via a tyrosine-based motif in the cytoplasmic tail. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been observed, but their full-length nature is not known. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

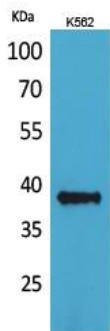
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

## Products Images



Western Blot analysis of K562 cells using CD1C Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



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Western blot analysis of lysate from K562 cells, using CD1C Antibody.