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## **HXK II Monoclonal Antibody**

| Catalog No         | YP-Ab-14158   |
|--------------------|---|
| Isotype            | IgG   |
| Reactivity         | Human   |
| Applications       | WB;IHC;IF;FCM;ELISA   |
| Gene Name          | HK2   |
| Protein Name       | Hexokinase-2  |
| Immunogen          | Purified recombinant fragment of human HXK II expressed in E. Coli.   |
| Specificity        | HXK II Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of HXK II protein.   |
| Formulation        | Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide,0.5% BSA, 50%glycerol.  |
| Source             | Monoclonal, Mouse   |
| Purification       | Affinity purification   |
| Dilution           | WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/200 - 1/1000. Flow cytometry: 1/200 - 1/400. ELISA: 1/10000 IF 1:50-200  |
| Concentration      | 1 mg/ml   |
| Purity             | ≥90%  |
| Storage Stability  | -20°C/1 year  |
| Synonyms           | HK2; Hexokinase-2; Hexokinase type II; HK II; Muscle form hexokinase  |
| Observed Band      |   |
| Cell Pathway       | Mitochondrion outer membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol. The mitochondrial-binding peptide (MBP) region promotes association with the mitochondrial outer membrane (PubMed:29298880). The interaction with the mitochondrial outer membrane via the mitochondrial-binding peptide (MBP) region promotes higher stability of the protein (PubMed:29298880). Release from the mitochondrial outer membrane into the cytosol induces permeability transition pore (PTP) opening and apoptosis (PubMed:18350175). |
| Tissue Specificity | Predominant hexokinase isozyme expressed in insulin-responsive tissues such as skeletal muscle  |

as skeletal muscle.

**Function** 

catalytic activity:ATP + D-hexose = ADP + D-hexose 6-phosphate.,domain:The Nand C-terminal halves of this hexokinase show extensive sequence similarity to each other. The catalytic activity is associated with the C-terminus while regulatory function is associated with the N-terminus., enzyme regulation: Hexokinase is an allosteric enzyme inhibited by its product

Glc-6-P.,miscellaneous:In vertebrates there are four major

glucose-phosphorylating isoenzymes, designated hexokinase I, II, III and IV (glucokinase).,online information:Hexokinase entry,pathway:Carbohydrate metabolism; hexose metabolism.,polymorphism:Although found in NIDDM patients, genetic variations of HK2 do not contribute to the

disease. similarity: Belongs to the hexokinase family, subcellular location: Its



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hydrophobic N-terminal sequence may be involved in membrane binding.,subunit:Monomer.,tissue specificity:Predominant hex

#### **Background**

Hexokinases phosphorylate glucose to produce glucose-6-phosphate, the first step in most glucose metabolism pathways. This gene encodes hexokinase 2, the predominant form found in skeletal muscle. It localizes to the outer membrane of mitochondria. Expression of this gene is insulin-responsive, and studies in rat suggest that it is involved in the increased rate of glycolysis seen in rapidly growing cancer cells. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2009],

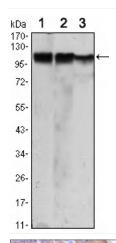
# matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

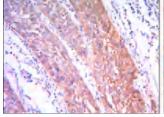
### **Usage suggestions**

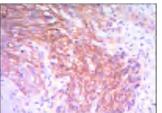
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

### **Products Images**

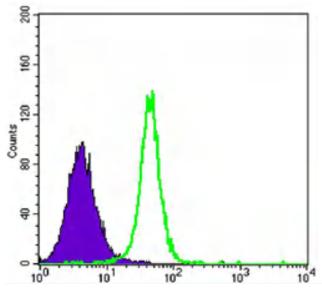


Western Blot analysis using HXK II Monoclonal Antibody against Jurkat (1), HeLa (2) and HEK293 (3) cell lysate.





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded esophagus cancer tissues (left) and human lung cancer (right) with DAB staining using HXK II Monoclonal Antibody.



Flow cytometric analysis of K562 cells using HXK II Monoclonal Antibody (green) and negative control (purple).