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# FADD (phospho Ser194) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-00193
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	FADD
Protein Name	Protein FADD
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human FADD around the phosphorylation site of Ser194. AA range:159-208
Specificity	Phospho-FADD (S194) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of FADD protein only when phosphorylated at S194.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000 IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	FADD; MORT1; GIG3; Protein FADD; FAS-associated death domain protein; FAS-associating death domain-containing protein; Growth-inhibiting gene 3 protein; Mediator of receptor induced toxicity
Observed Band	28kD
Cell Pathway	cytoplasm,cytosol,plasma membrane,death-inducing signaling complex,CD95 death-inducing signaling complex,neuron projection,cell body,membrane raft,ripoptosome,
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in a wide variety of tissues, except for peripheral blood mononuclear leukocytes.
Function	domain:Contains a death domain involved in the binding of the corresponding domain within Fas receptor.,function:Apoptotic adaptor molecule that recruits caspase-8 or caspase-10 to the activated Fas (CD95) or TNFR-1 receptors. The resulting aggregate called the death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation. Active caspase-8 initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases mediating apoptosis.,PTM:Phosphorylated.,similarity:Contains 1 death domain.,similarity:Contains 1 DED (death effector) domain.,subunit:Interacts with CFLAR, PEA15 and MBD4. When phosphorylated, part of a complex containing HIPK3 and FAS. May interact with MAVS/IPS1. Interacts with MOCV v-CFLAR protein and LRDD.,tissue specificity:Expressed in a wide variety of tissues, except



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for peripheral blood mononuclear leukocytes.,

#### **Background**

The protein encoded by this gene is an adaptor molecule that interacts with various cell surface receptors and mediates cell apoptotic signals. Through its C-terminal death domain, this protein can be recruited by TNFRSF6/Fas-receptor, tumor necrosis factor receptor, TNFRSF25, and TNFSF10/TRAIL-receptor, and thus it participates in the death signaling initiated by these receptors. Interaction of this protein with the receptors unmasks the N-terminal effector domain of this protein, which allows it to recruit caspase-8, and thereby activate the cysteine protease cascade. Knockout studies in mice also suggest the importance of this protein in early T cell development. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

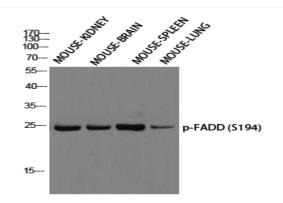
## matters needing attention

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

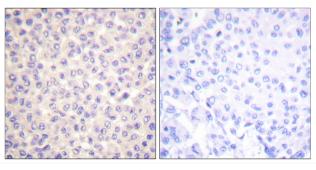
### **Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

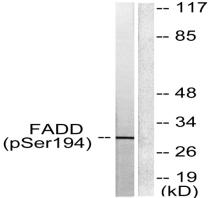
### **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of MOUSE-KIDNEY MOUSE-BRAIN MOUSE-SPLEEN MOUSE-LUNG using p-FADD (S194) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using FADD (Phospho-Ser194) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with Paclitaxel 1uM 60', using FADD (Phospho-Ser194) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.