



# Pin1 Monoclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-mAb-04089
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB
<b>Gene Name</b>	PIN1
<b>Protein Name</b>	Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Pin1. AA range:1-50
<b>Specificity</b>	Pin1 Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Pin1 protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB 1:500-2000
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	≥90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	PIN1; Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase NIMA-interacting 1; Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase Pin1; PPlase Pin1; Rotamase Pin1
<b>Observed Band</b>	37kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Nucleus . Nucleus speckle . Cytoplasm . Colocalizes with NEK6 in the nucleus (PubMed:16476580). Mainly localized in the nucleus but phosphorylation at Ser-71 by DAPK1 results in inhibition of its nuclear localization (PubMed:21497122). .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Expressed in immune cells in the lung (at protein level) (PubMed:29686383). The phosphorylated form at Ser-71 is expressed in normal breast tissue cells but not in breast cancer cells.
<b>Function</b>	catalytic activity:Peptidylproline (omega=180) = peptidylproline (omega=0).,domain:The WW domain is required for the interaction with STIL and MPHOSPH1.,function:Essential PPlase that regulates mitosis presumably by interacting with NIMA and attenuating its mitosis-promoting activity. Displays a preference for an acidic residue N-terminal to the isomerized proline bond. Catalyzing pSer/Thr-Pro cis/trans isomerizations.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Contains 1 PpiC domain.,similarity:Contains 1 WW domain.,subunit:Interacts with STIL (By similarity). Interacts with MPHOSPH1.,

**Background**

Peptidyl-prolyl cis/trans isomerases (PPlases) catalyze the cis/trans isomerization of peptidyl-prolyl peptide bonds. This gene encodes one of the PPlases, which specifically binds to phosphorylated ser/thr-pro motifs to catalytically regulate the post-phosphorylation conformation of its substrates. The conformational regulation catalyzed by this PPlase has a profound impact on key proteins involved in the regulation of cell growth, genotoxic and other stress responses, the immune response, induction and maintenance of pluripotency, germ cell development, neuronal differentiation, and survival. This enzyme also plays a key role in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease and many cancers. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene.[provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011],

**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**